

Sensors

Standard Sensors/Controlled Process Parameters:

- Furnace Temperature
- Furnace Pressure
- C₂H₂-Flow
- · Boost-/Diffusion Times

Additional Monitoring Sensors:

- H₂-Sensor
- O₂-Sensor

Controlling Sensors (research procects, not in use)

- C₂H₂-flow, boost duration (under development)
- Carbon Transfer (available since years, not reliable)

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Carburizing in Hydrocarbons

Advantages

- No internal oxidation
- Complex geometries
- Higher carbon transfer
- Faster carburizing
- Shorter cycle duration
- Large CHD
- Higher temperatures
- Very small CHD
- Lower gas consumption
- Lower consumption expenses
- No thermal radiation, no flames
- Environmental friendly
- No conditioning of the furnace

Disadvantages

- Formation of soot and tar
- Too high carbon content in edges and tips
- Effusion of Mn, Cr, Si

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Material: 14NiCrMo13-4 CHD = 2.0 - 2.3 mm

Carburizing Temp.: 1050 ° C

Cycle Time: 10,5 h

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Example: Mining Shafts

Specification:

Material: ~25NiCrMo12-5

> 60 HRC Surface hardness: CHD 600: 0.9 - 1.2 mm external

> 0.30 mm internal

400-500 HV30 Core hardness:

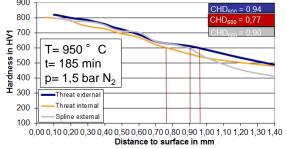
Results:

Surface hardness: 62-64 HRC CHD 600: 0.90-0.94 mm external

> 0.77 mm internal

Core hardness: 460 HV30





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Example: AvaC of aerospace bearings

REQUIREMENTS:

Hardness under the surface: >697 HV1 (60HRC) at 0.3 mm depth

Core hardness: 402-471 HV30 (41-47 HRC)

CHD 650HV1: 0.8-1.2 mm

SAMPLE PARTS SPECIFICATION

Name: Bearing, outer ring

Material: M50NIL

Dimension: Øo= 66.5 mm

Øi= 46.7 mm l=66.5 mm

Weight of part: 0.95 kg



HEAT TREATMENT

Hardening temperature:

LPC (AvaC) temperature: 910 $^{\circ}$ C

LPC time: 20 h

Annealing: 580 $^{\circ}$ C, 2 h

Sub-zero treatment: <-150 ° C, 1 h

1080° C

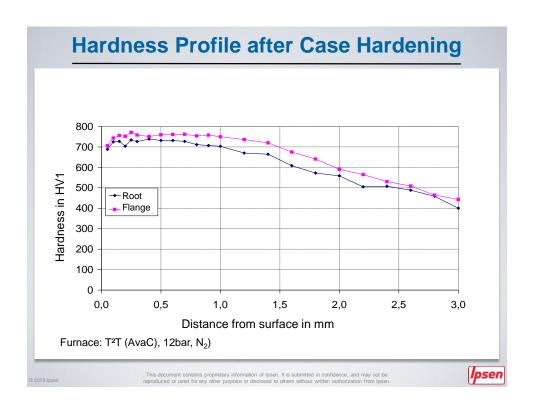
Tempering 545 °C, 2 h

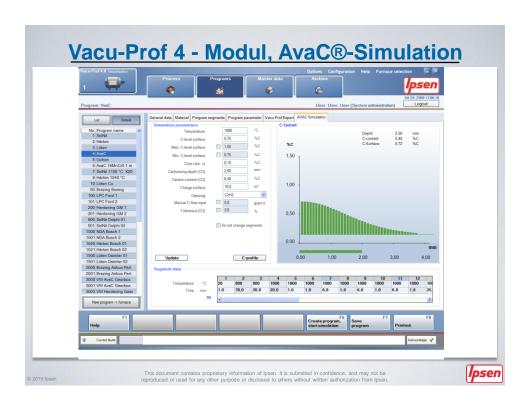
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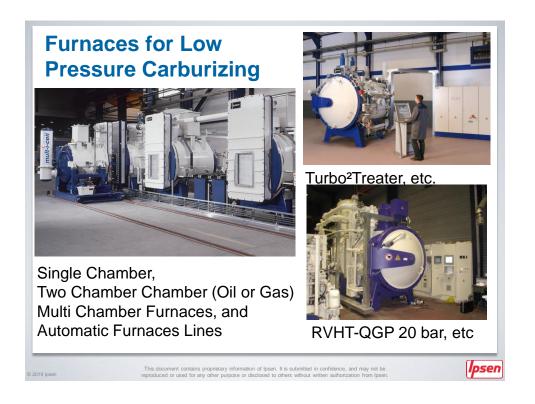
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AvaC Results Surface Hardness: 61.2; 60.9; 60.7 HRC Core Hardness: 423, 426, 433 HV10 CHD(650HV): 1.10 - 1.12 mm 800 700 600 rdness in HV1 400 300 200 100 0.00 0.20 0.40 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.60 1.80 2.00 distance from surface in mm

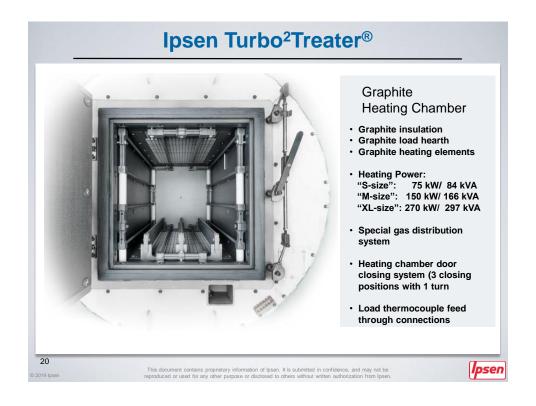












Single chamber vacuum furnace line





Fully automatic vacuum furnace line Loader 1.500 kg, rotating to both sides

Atlas Copco; Sweden

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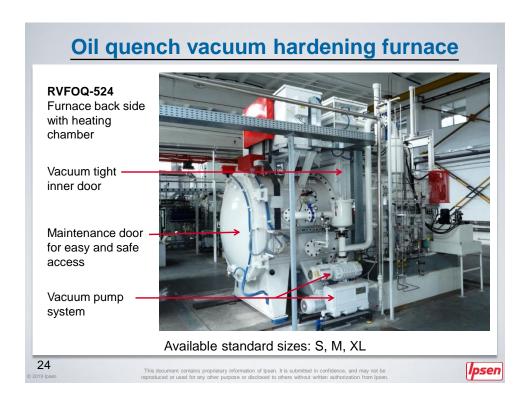
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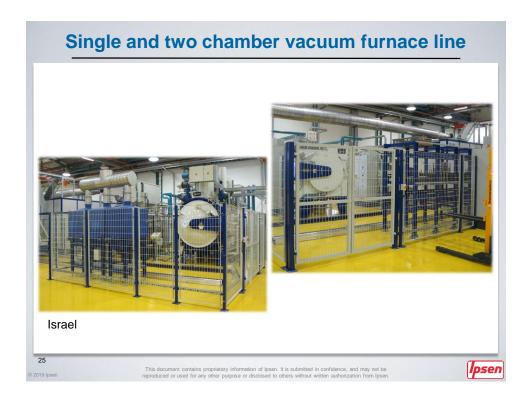
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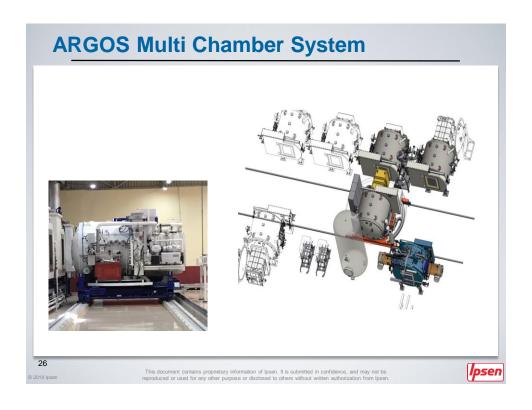
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Example: Automotive shaft

Part: Shafts

Material (approx.): 20MnCr5

Dimensions: l= 250 mm

 $\emptyset = 30 - 70 \text{ mm}$

SH: 58-62 HRC

CH: > 340 HV

CHD: 0.5 + 0.4 mm

Carb.-temp. 950 ° C

Quenching: 20 bar, N₂

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Charge (similar dimensions)

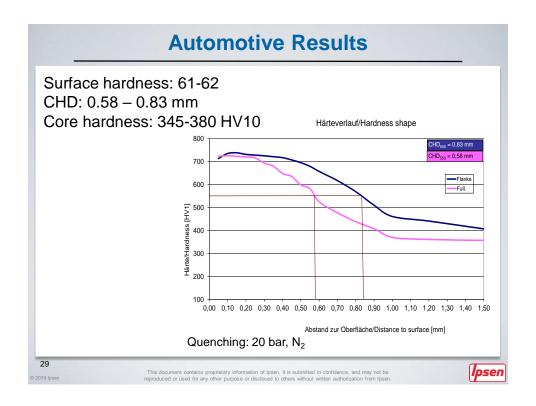


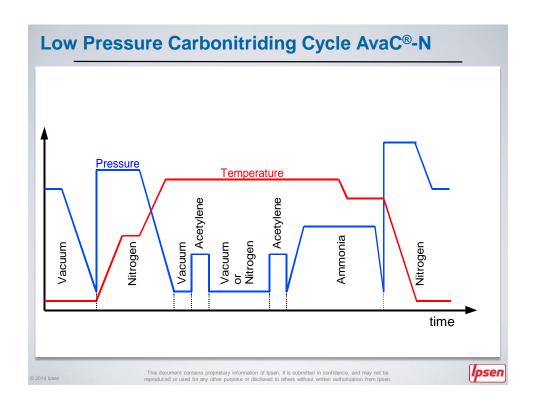
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Summary

> AvaC®(-N) Process Description

- Boost / Diffuse process
- Pulsed Pressure Process
- Acetylene pressure < 10 mbar (Ammonia pressure < 40 mbar)

Process Advantages

- · High carbon transfer rate
- Optimum case uniformity
- Part-to-part, load-to-load repeatability
- Absence of internal oxidation and accurate case uniformity lead to enhanced component quality
- High furnace availability/reliability due to minimization of soot or tar formation
- No post cleaning process (with high pressure gas quenching)

Furnaces for AvaC

 Depending on part size and throughput, Ipsen can provide the right furnace solution for low pressure carburizing

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